**Insights: Life Expectancy Over Time (2000 – 2015) – European Countries**

This line graph presents the life expectancy trends of various European countries between the years 2000 and 2015, based on data collected from the World Bank. Each line in the graph corresponds to a different country within Europe, allowing for a comparative view of health and longevity over the years. In general, the graph indicates a steady upward trend in life expectancy for most countries, highlighting improvements in healthcare systems, quality of life, and social conditions.

Countries like Switzerland, Sweden, and Italy consistently show some of the highest life expectancy figures, all remaining above 80 years throughout the time period. On the other hand, countries such as Azerbaijan and Armenia appear on the lower end of the chart, starting below 70 and showing slower progress in comparison. Despite these disparities, most European nations exhibit positive growth, with only minor fluctuations in certain years.

The overall increase across the continent suggests significant advancements in public health, medical technology, and living standards. The highest point on the graph is seen in 2015, while the lowest life expectancy levels are observed around 2000, particularly in Eastern European and post-Soviet countries. This data reflects the growing convergence of health outcomes across Europe and the narrowing gap between Western and Eastern European nations.